OASIS CRESCENT



OASIS COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEME

KEY INVESTOR INFORMATION

OASIS MONEY MARKET FUND

3RD QUARTER 2023

Investment Manager	Adam Ebrahim	Min. Monthly Investment	R 500
Launch Date	28 September 2001	Min. Lump - Sum Investment	R 2,000
Risk Profile	Low	Fund Size	R 113.3 million
Benchmark	South African Interest Bearing	Total Expense Ratio	0.38%
	Money Market Portfolio	Class	В
Fund Classification	South African Interest Bearing -	Distribution	0.6412 cents per unit
	Money Market	Distribution Period	Monthly

Investment Objective and Policy

The Oasis Money Market Unit Trust Fund seeks to provide investors with a vehicle for capital preservation and high degree of liquidity, while providing a sustainable level of income to investors in the form of a steady income stream, with coinciding low risk parameters.

Cumulative Returns Cumulative 2004 2005 Performance Oasis Money Market Fund 2.1 7.3 6.8 7.3 11.7 8.4 6.3 5.5 5.3 5.0 5.8 6.5 7.4 7.5 11.1 11.6 9.6 South African Interest Bearing Money 2.3 11.3 11.8 7.7 6.9 7.3 9.5 11.9 8.9 6.5 5.5 5.5 5.0 5.8 6.4 7.4 7.7 Market Portfolio

Cumulative	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	YTD Sept 2023	Return Since Inception		
Performance	_0_0						Cum	Ann	
Oasis Money Market Fund	7.0	7.1	5.1	3.4	4.9	5.6	360.0	7.2	
South African Interest Bearing Money Money Portfolio	7.4	7.5	5.5	3.7	4.9	4.7	371.4	7.3	

Performance (% returns) in Rand, net of fees of the
Oasis Money 30 September 2023
(Source: Oasis Research; Morningstar Direct)
Annual returns for every year since inception are reported in this table and the highest and lowest annual returns are disclosed.

Annualised Returns

Annualised Returns	% Growth 1 year	% Growth 3 years	% Growth 5 years	% Growth 7 years		% Growth 15 years		Return Since Inception Annualised
Oasis Money Market Fund	7.2	4.9	5.6	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.8	7.2
South African Interest Bearing Money Market Portfolio	6.3	4.8	5.6	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.9	7.3

Performance (% returns) in Rand, net of fees of the Oasis Money Market Fund since inception to 30 September 2023 (Source: Oasis Research; Morningstar Direct)

Annualised return represents the compound growth rate of the fund over the respective period and calculated in accordance with Global Investment Performance Standards.

Investment Manager Commentary

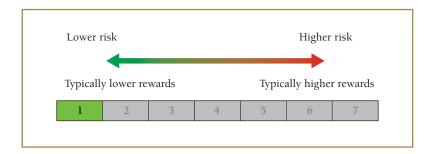
A persistent feature of the South African economic landscape over the past year has been the record levels of electricity loadshedding the economy has had to endure, which has acted as a handbrake on the recovery in activity and employment. On a more positive note, persistent Level 6 loadshedding, which was prevalent over May and June, has appeared to move into the rear-view mirror. Moreover, loadshedding in general has become more intermittent during August and September as Eskom has reduced the level of its planned maintenance while also over time mitigating the impact of collapsed stacks at the Kusile power station which had initially put three generation units of 2.4GW out of action. In its July World Economic Outlook update, the IMF raised its South Africa GDP forecast for 2023 from 0.1% to a still anaemic 0.3%, given expectations of ongoing headwinds from electricity loadshedding. Looking ahead, the IMF expects annual GDP growth of 1.7% in 2024 as the negative impact of loadshedding abates. This still modest economic growth rate reflects ongoing structural headwinds such as electricity shortages, corruption, fiscal sustainability, SOE underperformance and rigid labour markets. Projected GDP growth at these rates will be insufficient over the long term to create enough jobs to absorb the new labor market entrants. This implies the unemployment rate will remain historically high outside of serious structural reform. Over the past 10 years, South Africa's economic growth has averaged 0.9% relative to population growth of 1.4% and global GDP growth of 3.1%.

On the positive side, in the face of widespread economic crisis, the government has been forced into undertaking significant structural reforms which could shortly bear fruit. Most notably, in a huge step towards energy sector liberalisation, any private sector firm or municipality can now build their own electricity generative capacity with the option in the future of selling back into the national grid. Separately, much needed impetus on the transport logistics side could soon be injected by Transnet as it looks to concession its key logistic rail lines. Together with setting up a leasing company for rolling stock with a private sector partner, this could significantly reduce the barriers to entry on the rail concessionary. Looking ahead to the May 2024 general elections, much will depend on the incumbent government providing a stable macro-economic and policy framework as well as managing its geopolitical relations between the 'West' and the 'East' in order to encourage both the domestic and foreign private sectors to invest and create new job opportunities with confidence. Factors that could stimulate economic growth are: 1) Increased private sector electricity provision and an end to widespread loadshedding; 2) Continued high commodity export prices; 3) Onshoring boosted by supportive government policy; 4) Significant structural reform, especially in energy, telecoms and wage bargaining; 5) Renewed bureaucratic vigour and steps to tackle corruption; 6) Development of a vibrant oil & gas industry. Factors which could slow the SA economy further are: 1) Eskom load shedding; 2) Transnet underperformance; 3) SA caught in a geopolitical vice between 'West' and 'East'; 4) Sharp correction in commodity exports prices; 5) Failure to address massive skills deficit; 6) Politically inspired unrest & looting; 7) Failure to rein in rampant corruption; 8) Labour unrest/strikes for above-inflation wage demands.

SA bonds continue to provide some of the highest real value amongst Emerging Market peers and remains very attractive to foreign investors. On a real-term basis, the SA 10 year bond provides a real yield of 7.2%, well above its long-term average of 3.5%. Moreover, foreign investors are significantly underweight local bonds relative to history. With global inflation showing signs of moderating and underlying economic growth softening, Federal Reserve monetary policy next year could 'pivot' toward a less hawkish stance, triggering renewed fixed income portfolio inflows into Emerging Markets as risk sentiment improves. Domestically, structural reform, fiscal consolidation and success in tackling corruption could all trigger further buying by foreigners. During Q3 2023, the SA bond market came under pressure as worries over weak economic growth and disappointing tax revenues raised concerns over fiscal sustainability. The 10 year yield rose to above 12% as investors look ahead to the Medium-Term Budget Policy Statement later this year on 1st November 2023. While fiscal metrics are under pressure, we expect the Finance Minister to present a prudent medium-term budget which takes credible steps to constrain rising debt levels which should ease pressure on the domestic bond market. We continue to monitor our duration exposure carefully in our portfolios and look to take advantage of any mispricing of bond prices relative to their fundamentals.

Sources: Oasis Research, Bloomberg statistics, IMF World Economic Outlook, SARB

Risk and Reward Profile



The risk and reward indicator:

- The above risk number is based on the rate at which the value of the Fund has moved up and down in the past.
- The above indicator is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the risk profile of the Fund.
- The risk and reward category shown is not guaranteed and may shift over time
- The lowest category does not mean 'risk free'.

The Fund may also be exposed to risks which the risk number does not adequately capture. These may include:

- The value of stock market investments, and the income from them, will fluctuate. This will cause the Fund price to fall as well as rise and you may not get back the original amount you invested.
- Any investment in international companies means that currency exchange rate fluctuations will have an impact on the Fund.
- The Fund invests in a variety of geographic regions and countries. It is therefore exposed to the market sentiment of that specific geographic region or country. This level of diversification is appropriate to deliver on our objective to generate real returns at a lower volatility for our clients over the long term.

Distribution

Distribution	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	June-23	July-23	Aug-23	Sept-23
Oasis Money Market Unit Trust Fund	0.4783	0.4750	0.5276	0.5529	0.5219	0.5907	0.5917	0.6285	0.6278	0.6546	0.6523	0.6412

Distribution (cents per unit), of the Oasis Money Market Fund over the past 12 months. (Source: Oasis)

Fees and Charges*

Fee Тур е	Financial Advisor	Administrator	Investment Manager
Initial	No charge	No charge	No charge
Ongoing	The maximum ongoing fee is 0.5%.	0%	0.5%*

^{*} Excluding VAT. No performance fees. A fixed fee of 0.5% per annum will be charged and is calculated and accrued daily based on the daily market value of the investment portfolio and paid to the investment manager on a monthly basis.

Total Expense Ratio

Class B of the portfolio has a Total Expense Ratio (TER) of 0.38% for the period from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2023. 0.38% of the average Net Asset Value of the portfolio was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The ratio does not include transaction costs.

Total Expense Ratio	0.38%	Service Fees	0.30%	Performance Fees	_	Other Costs	0.03%	VAT	0.05%
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Disclaimer

This document is the Minimum Disclosure Document in terms of BN92 of 2014 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 and also serves as a fund fact sheet. Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) are generally medium to long term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future.

Different classes of units apply to some of the Oasis Funds, which are subject to different fees and charges. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from the management company on request. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. CIS are traded at ruling prices and forward pricing is used. CIS can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. No guarantee is provided with respect to capital or return.

Portfolios are valued at 15h00 daily. All necessary documentation must be received before 10h00. CIS are calculated on a net asset value basis which is the total value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio which may include brokerage, commissions, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees. CIS prices are available daily on www.oasiscrescent.com.

The manager may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. Oasis is a member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. The above portfolio performance is calculated on a NAV to NAV basis and does not take initial fees into account. Income is reinvested on the ex dividend date. Actual investment performance will differ based on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date and the date of reinvestment of income. Figures quoted are from Micropal and I Net Bridge for the period ending 30 September 2023 for a lump sum investment using NAV-NAV prices with income distributions reinvested.

A money market portfolio is not a bank deposit account. The price of a participatory interest is targeted at a constant value of 100 cents per unit. The total return to the investor is made up of interest received and any gain or loss made on any particular instrument; and in most cases the return will merely have the effect of increasing or decreasing the daily yield, but that in the case of abnormal losses it can have the effect of reducing the capital value of the portfolio. The yield is calculated according to ASISA standards. Excessive withdrawals from the portfolio may place the portfolio under liquidity pressures; in such circumstances a process of ring-fencing of withdrawal instructions and managed pay-outs over time may be followed. All information and opinions provided are of a general nature and the document contains no express or implied recommendation, warranty, guidance, advice or proposal that the product is appropriate to the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any individual or entity.

Oasis Crescent Management Company Ltd. is registered and approved in terms of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002. Investment performance is for illustrative purposes only and is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown and the income is reinvested on the reinvestment date. The manager has a right to close the portfolio to new investors in order to manage it more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. This Minimum Disclosure Document is published quarterly. Additional investment information (including brochures, application forms, annual and half-yearly reports) can be obtained free of charge from Oasis. Oasis Asset Management is the investment management company of the manager and is authorized under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. 2002 (Act No.37 of 2002). Data are sourced from Oasis Research; Morningstar Direct (30 September 2023). Kindly note that this is not the full Terms and Conditions. To view the latest Terms and Conditions please visit www.oasiscrescent.com.

GIPS compliant & verified

PROTECTING AND GROWING YOUR WEALTH

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