

# OASIS CRESCENT



MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

## OASIS COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEME

### KEY INVESTOR INFORMATION

#### OASIS CRESCENT EQUITY FUND

#### 3RD QUARTER 2023

Investment Manager	Adam Ebrahim	Max. Monthly Investment	R 500
Launch Date	31 July 1998	Max. Lump - Sum Investment	R 2,000
Risk Profile	Medium to High	Fund Size	R 5.0 billion
Benchmark	Average South African	Total Expense Ratio	2.35%
	Shari'ah Equity General Portfolio	Class	A
Fund Classification	South African Equity-General	Distribution	10.9424 cents per unit
		Distribution Period	Semi - Annual

#### Investment Objective and Policy

The Oasis Crescent Equity Fund provides investors with the opportunity to invest in Shari'ah compliant equities that are listed on the stock exchange in South Africa. It seeks to provide long-term growth, while providing a level of volatility that is lower than its peers. The portfolio is actively managed and relies on the detailed independent analysis of the Oasis research team that seek to identify a well-diversified selection of undervalued equity instruments that will provide consistent earnings growth in the near future.

The Oasis Crescent Equity Fund adheres to the ethical investment guidelines of the range of the organisations Shari'ah investment products. In most cases, equity instruments provide the highest potential return over the long-term. However, the higher rates of long-term return may be associated with higher volatility.

*This document constitutes the minimum disclosure document and quarterly general investor's report*

## Cumulative Returns

Cumulative Performance	(Aug-Dec) 1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Oasis Crescent Equity Fund	15.5	80.4	12.5	52.6	18.1	20.1	26.9	34.6	41.3	25.7	(23.5)	19.6
Average South African Shari'ah Equity General Portfolio	(26.2)	41.8	(3.3)	56.5	22.4	22.9	27.2	38.0	34.7	18.0	(24.9)	18.7

Cumulative Performance	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	YTD Sept 2023	Return Since Inception	
															Cum	Ann
Oasis Crescent Equity Fund	13.1	3.2	18.1	20.2	8.0	(3.3)	6.6	3.9	(1.9)	9.4	2.3	27.3	(0.4)	4.3	3,814	15.7
Average South African Shari'ah Equity General Portfolio	13.8	2.9	13.4	15.2	5.3	(7.1)	11.1	7.8	(2.0)	8.7	4.3	33.5	(3.8)	1.3	1,435	11.5

Annual returns for every year since inception are reported in this table and the highest and lowest annual returns are disclosed.

## Annualised Returns

Annualised Returns	% Growth 1 year	% Growth 3 years	% Growth 5 years	% Growth 7 years	% Growth 10 years	% Growth 15 years	% Growth 20 years	Return Since Inception
								Annualised
Oasis Crescent Equity Fund	11.6	10.5	6.5	6.1	5.8	7.5	11.6	15.7
Average South African Shari'ah Equity General Portfolio	7.8	12.4	7.1	6.4	5.8	7.0	10.5	11.5

Performance (% returns) in Rand, net of fees, gross of non permissible income of the Oasis Crescent Equity Fund since inception to 30 September 2023. (From the 4th quarter of 2016 the disclosure of performance changed from “gross of fees”, “gross of non permissible income” to “net of fees”, “gross of non permissible income”.)

(Source: Oasis Research; Morningstar Direct)

\*Peer group consists of all funds with similar characteristics that have a performance track record of more than 3 years

Annualised return represents the compound growth rate of the fund over the respective period and calculated in accordance with Global Investment Performance Standards.

## Distribution

Distribution	Jun-23	Sept-23
Oasis Crescent Equity Fund	0.0000	10.9424

Distribution (cents per unit), of the Oasis Crescent Equity Fund over the past two semi-annual periods. (Source: Oasis)

## Investment Manager Commentary

A persistent feature of the South African economic landscape over the past year has been the record levels of electricity loadshedding the economy has had to endure, which has acted as a handbrake on the recovery in activity and employment. On a more positive note, persistent Level 6 loadshedding, which was prevalent over May and June, has appeared to move into the rear-view mirror. Moreover, loadshedding in general has become more intermittent during August and September as Eskom has reduced the level of its planned maintenance while also over time mitigating the impact of collapsed stacks at the Kusile power station which had initially put three generation units of 2.4GW out of action. In its July World Economic Outlook update, the IMF raised its South Africa GDP forecast for 2023 from 0.1% to a still anaemic 0.3%, given expectations of ongoing headwinds from electricity loadshedding. Looking ahead, the IMF expects annual GDP growth of 1.7% in 2024 as the negative impact of loadshedding abates. This still modest economic growth rate reflects ongoing structural headwinds such as electricity shortages, corruption, fiscal sustainability, SOE underperformance and rigid labour markets. Projected GDP growth at these rates will be insufficient over the long term to create enough jobs to absorb the new labor market entrants. This implies the unemployment rate will remain historically high outside of serious structural reform. Over the past 10 years, South Africa's economic growth has averaged 0.9% relative to population growth of 1.4% and global GDP growth of 3.1%.

On the positive side, in the face of widespread economic crisis, the government has been forced into undertaking significant structural reforms which could shortly bear fruit. Most notably, in a huge step towards energy sector liberalisation, any private sector firm or municipality can now build their own electricity generative capacity with the option in the future of selling back into the national grid. Separately, much needed impetus on the transport logistics side could soon be injected by Transnet as it looks to concession its key logistic rail lines. Together with setting up a leasing company for rolling stock with a private sector partner, this could significantly reduce the barriers to entry on the rail concessionary. Looking ahead to the May 2024 general elections, much will depend on the incumbent government providing a stable macro-economic and policy framework as well as managing its geopolitical relations between the 'West' and the 'East' in order to encourage both the domestic and foreign private sectors to invest and create new job opportunities with confidence. Factors that could stimulate economic growth are: 1) Increased private sector electricity provision and an end to widespread loadshedding; 2) Continued high commodity export prices; 3) Onshoring boosted by supportive government policy; 4) Significant structural reform, especially in energy, telecoms and wage bargaining; 5) Renewed bureaucratic vigour and steps to tackle corruption; 6) Development of a vibrant oil & gas industry. Factors which could slow the SA economy further are: 1) Eskom load shedding; 2) Transnet underperformance; 3) SA caught in a geopolitical vice between 'West' and 'East'; 4) Sharp correction in commodity exports prices; 5) Failure to address massive skills deficit; 6) Politically inspired unrest & looting; 7) Failure to rein in rampant corruption; 8) Labour unrest/strikes for above-inflation wage demands

The SA stock market remains attractive relative to Emerging Market peers and there is upside due to the low level of foreign holding of SA Equity and progress with the implementation of government reforms to facilitate investment in the energy and transport infrastructure. South African economic growth has underperformed over the past ten years due to electricity shortages, corruption, fiscal sustainability, state owned entity underperformance and rigid labour markets. However, the government and state owned entities are being forced to undertake significant structural reforms in the energy and transport sectors which are facilitating additional investment and over time will lead to improvements in productivity and efficiency. The South African bank sector has a prudent regulator and high levels of capital and we have not seen a significant impact from the distress in the bank sectors in the US and Europe. Companies in a number of sectors continue to face margin pressure due to not being able to pass on all the inflationary cost pressure to customers. A more volatile environment is suitable for the Oasis philosophy which is focused on selecting high quality companies that are priced below intrinsic value and this environment provides attractive opportunities for the implementation of our philosophy. As we move from a period of abundance in liquidity and monetary easing over the past 10 years to a period of monetary tightening, rising geo-political risk and higher volatility we enter an environment that perfectly suits the Oasis investment philosophy to take advantage of opportunities in the market. Your portfolio is focused on companies with market leadership, strong competitive advantages, sustainability, outstanding management, delivering high levels of profitability and cash flow and priced below intrinsic value.

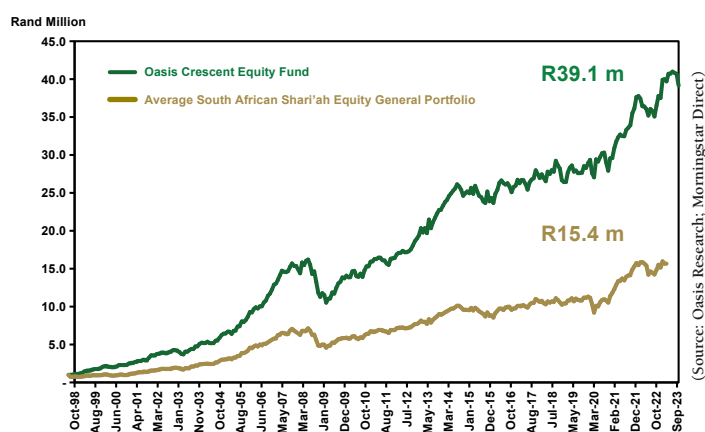
Sources: Oasis Research, Bloomberg statistics, IMF World Economic Outlook, SARB

## Sector Allocation

OCEF Themes	Weight %
Rand Sensitive	59
Foreign Assets	44
Exporters	15
Domestic	41
Consumer	20
TMT	12
Property	9
Total	100

Sector Allocation of the Oasis Crescent Equity Fund  
30 September 2023  
(Source: Oasis Research)

## Investment Performance



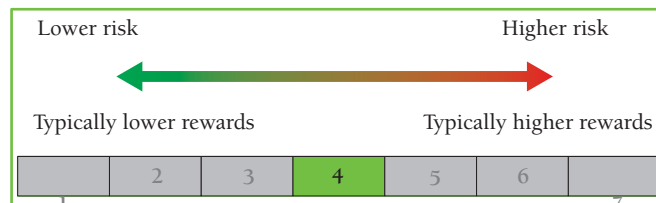
R1m invested at inception would be worth R39.1m at present.

## Risk Analysis

	Sharpe	Sortino
	Ratio	Ratio
Oasis Crescent Equity Fund	0.48	0.77
Average South African Shari'ah Equity General Portfolio	0.17	0.22

Calculated net of fees, gross of non permissible income  
since inception to 30 September 2023  
(Source: Oasis Research; Morningstar Direct)

## Risk and Reward Profile



The risk and reward indicator:

- The above risk number is based on the rate at which the value of the Fund has moved up and down in the past.
- The above indicator is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the risk profile of the Fund.
- The risk and reward category shown is not guaranteed and may shift over time.
- The lowest category does not mean 'risk free'.

The Fund may also be exposed to risks which the risk number does not adequately capture. These may include:

- The value of stock market investments, and the income from them, will fluctuate. This will cause the Fund price to fall as well as rise and you may not get back the original amount you invested.
- Any investment in international companies means that currency exchange rate fluctuations will have an impact on the feeder fund.
- The Fund invests in a variety of geographic regions and countries.

It is therefore exposed to the market sentiment of that specific geographic region or country. This level of diversification is appropriate to deliver on our objective to generate real returns at a lower volatility for our clients over the long term.

## Fees and Charges\*

Fee Type	Financial Advisor	Administrator	Investment Manager
Initial	No charge	No charge	No charge
Ongoing	No charge	1.5%	Max of 2% if the portfolio performance exceeds the benchmark

\* Excluding VAT.

## Total Expense Ratio

Class A of the portfolio has a Total Expense Ratio (TER) of 2.35% for the period from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2023. This implies that 2.35% of the average Net Asset Value of the portfolio was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The ratio does not include transaction costs. Transaction cost was 0.02%.

Total Expense Ratio	2.35%	Service Fees	1.51%	Performance Fees	0.04%	Other Costs	0.56%	VAT	0.24%
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Class A: performance fees are payable in the case of outperformance of the underlying portfolio, relative to its benchmark. Performance is calculated for the portfolio, and individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. The sharing ratio of the performance fee is 20% of the outperformance, and the total fees are capped at 3%. This fee is calculated and accrued daily, based on the daily market value of the Investment Portfolio, and paid to the Investment Manager on a monthly basis.

## Disclaimer

This document is the Minimum Disclosure Document in terms of BN92 of 2014 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 and also serves as a fund fact sheet. Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) are generally medium to long term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future.

Different classes of units apply to some of the Oasis Funds, which are subject to different fees and charges. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from the management company on request. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. CIS are traded at ruling prices and forward pricing is used. CIS can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. No guarantee is provided with respect to capital or return.

Portfolios are valued at 15h00 daily. All necessary documentation must be received before 10h00. CIS are calculated on a net asset value basis which is the total value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio which may include brokerage, commissions, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees. CIS prices are available daily on [www.oasiscrest.com](http://www.oasiscrest.com). Class A: performance fees are payable in the case of outperformance of the underlying portfolio, relative to its benchmark. Performance is calculated for the portfolio, and individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. The sharing ratio of the performance fee is 20% of the outperformance, and the total fees are capped at 3%. This fee is calculated and accrued daily, based on the daily market value of the Investment Portfolio, and paid to the Investment Manager on a monthly basis. For a full disclosure on performance fees FAQs visit [www.oasiscrest.com](http://www.oasiscrest.com).

The manager may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. Member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. The above portfolio performance is calculated on a NAV to NAV basis and does not take initial fees into account. Income is reinvested on the ex dividend date. Actual investment performance will differ based on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date and the date of reinvestment of income. Figures quoted are from Micropal and I Net Bridge for the period ending 30 September 2023 for a lump sum investment using NAV-NAV prices with income distributions reinvested.

All information and opinions provided are of a general nature and the document contains no express or implied recommendation, warranty, guidance, advice or proposal that the product is appropriate to the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any individual or entity.

Oasis Crescent Management Company Ltd. is a registered and an approved Manager in terms of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002, and is the manager of this fund. Investment performance is for illustrative purposes only and is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown and the income is reinvested on the reinvestment date. The manager has a right to close the portfolio to new investors in order to manage it more efficiently in according with its mandate. This Minimum Disclosure Document is published quarterly. Additional investment information (including brochures, application forms, annual and half-yearly reports) can be obtained free of charge from the Manager. Oasis Crescent Capital (Pty) Ltd. is the investment management company of the manager and is authorized under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002 (Act No.37 of 2002). Data are sourced from Oasis Research using Morningstar Direct, I-Net Bridge (30 September 2023). Kindly note that this is not the full Terms and Conditions. To view the latest Terms and Conditions please visit [www.oasiscrest.com](http://www.oasiscrest.com).

GIPS compliant & verified

## PROTECTING AND GROWING YOUR WEALTH

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