

OASIS TAX FREE INVESTMENT ACCOUNT

KEY INVESTOR INFORMATION

OASIS CRESCENT BALANCED HIGH EQUITY FUND OF FUNDS

4TH QUARTER 2023

| Investment Manager | Adam Ebrahim | Max. Monthly Investment | R 3,000 |
|---------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Launch Date | 1 April 2010 | Max. Lump - Sum Investment | R 36,000 |
| Risk Profile | Low to Medium | Fund Size | R 190.3 million |
| Benchmark | CPI Rate + 3% | Total Expense Ratio | 2.01% |
| Fund Classification | South African Multi Asset – High Equity | Class | F |
| Distribution Period | Quarterly | Distribution | 2.3333 cents per unit |

Investment Objective and Policy

The Oasis Crescent Balanced High Equity Fund of Funds is an asset allocation prudential portfolio that maintains a relatively large holding in equity instruments. The objective is to provide a relatively high rate of capital growth, when compared to other asset allocation funds. The portfolio will also invest in property and bond (sukuk) instruments, which would allow for retirement funds to invest in this particular investment product.

The portfolio is based on a selection of underlying investments that comply with moral and ethical considerations, and satisfies the criteria for Shari'ah compliant investments. It is classified as multi-managed high-equity portfolio that is well diversified by asset class in accordance with prudential investment regulations. This Fund is managed in accordance with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act 24 of 1956.

This document constitutes the minimum disclosure document and quarterly general investor's report

Cumulative Returns

| Cumulative Performance | May- Dec | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Return Sinc | e Inception |
|---|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2010 | 2017 | 2010 | 2017 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Cum | Ann |
| Oasis Crescent Balanced High Equity Fund of Funds* | 7.4 | 5.2 | 15.7 | 17.1 | 7.2 | 0.4 | 6.1 | 4.1 | (0.1) | 8.7 | 3.2 | 21.6 | (1.5) | 8.6 | 165.5 | 7.4 |
| CPI Rate** | 1.5 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 6.6 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 7.4 | 5.5 | 99.1 | 5.2 |

Annual returns for every year since inception are reported in this table and the highest and lowest annual returns are disclosed.

| Annualised Returns | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Annualised Performance | % Growth 1 Year | % Growth 3 Years | % Growth 5 Years | % Growth 7 Years | % Growth 10 Years | Return Since Inception Annualised | | | |
| Oasis Crescent Balanced High Equity Fund of Funds* | 8.6 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 7.4 | | | |
| CPI Rate** | 5.5 | 6.1 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.2 | | | |

*Performance (% returns) in Rand, net of fees, gross of non permissible income of the

Oasis Crescent Balanced High Equity Fund of Funds since inception to 31 December 2023

(From the 4th quarter of 2016 the disclosure of performance changed from "gross of fees", "gross of non permissible income"

to "net of fees", "gross of non permissible income".)

(Source: Oasis Research; I-Net Bridge)

**Note : CPI benchmark lags by 1 month. The benchmark for this fund is CPI Rate + 3%

Annualised return represents the compound growth rate of the fund over the respective period and calculated in accordance with Global Investment Performance Standards.

Investment Manager Commentary

In its October World Economic Outlook (WEO) update, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) acknowledged that global economic growth had slowed over the course of 2023 where it expected GDP growth of just 2.9% after 3.5% in 2022. This year, the IMF expects little change with the global economy expanding only 3.0%. However, the IMF also paid tribute to the remarkable resilience of the global economy which has, so far, managed to shrug off the unprecedented monetary tightening by the world's key central banks over 2022/23 as well as the cost of living crisis, ongoing war in Ukraine and a worsening geopolitical outlook in the Middle East. Part of the explanation for the unexpected resilience is that services activity outperformed manufacturing in many advanced economies. Meanwhile, emerging market economies outside of China tended to outperform advanced economies given they had less of a need to aggressively tighten monetary policy. Looking ahead, the post-pandemic recovery in advanced economy service sectors has mostly run its course which suggests that economic growth is likely to remain subdued. Meanwhile, the transmission of monetary policy across countries is uneven and will contribute to growing divergences.

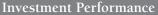
A persistent feature of the South African economic landscape over the past year has been the record levels of electricity loadshedding the economy has had to endure, which has acted as a handbrake on the recovery in activity and employment. On a more positive note, persistent Level 6 loadshedding, which was prevalent over May and June last year, moved into the rear-view mirror in H2 2023. Moreover, loadshedding in general has become more intermittent during Q3 and Q4. In its October World Economic Outlook update, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) raised its South Africa GDP forecast for 2024 to 1.8% from 1.7% previously, marking a welcome acceleration from the anaemic 0.9% expected in 2023 as the negative impact of loadshedding abates. This still modest economic growth rate reflects ongoing structural headwinds such as electricity shortages, corruption, fiscal sustainability, SOE underperformance and rigid labour markets. Projected GDP growth at these rates will be insufficient over the long term to create enough jobs to absorb the new labour market entrants. This implies the unemployment rate will remain historically high outside of serious structural reform. Over the past 10 years, South Africa's economic growth has averaged 0.9% relative to population growth of 1.4% and global GDP growth of 3.1%. On the positive side, in the face of widespread economic crisis, the government has been forced into undertaking significant structural reforms which should bear fruit. Most notably, in a huge step towards energy sector liberalisation, any private sector firm or municipality can now build their own electricity generative capacity with the option in the future of selling back into the national grid. Separately, much needed impetus on the transport logistics side could soon be injected by Transnet as it looks to concession its key logistic rail lines. Together with setting up a leasing company for rolling stock with a private sector partner, this could significantly reduce the barriers to entry on the rail concess

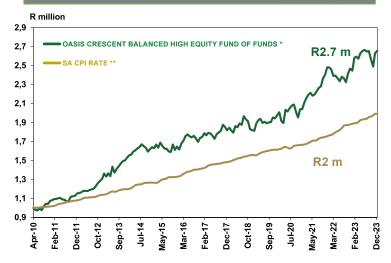
In 2023 we saw increased volatility in global equity markets due to significant monetary tightening and rising geopolitical tension. The Technology Sector outperformed over the past year and has been a key driver of the strong performance of the Nasdaq relative to the S&P500 and MSCI World Index. We expect volatility to continue as inflation may not continue to fall back to central bank targets as smoothly as expected and expectations for the beginning of cuts in central bank policy rates starting early this year could prove to be unfounded and lead to volatility in markets. In addition, geopolitical risks could lead to upside pressure on oil prices which in turn could lead to more generalised inflation pressures if such a rise proves persistent. This more volatile environment is suitable for the Oasis philosophy and your portfolio is well positioned with a focus on companies with market leadership, strong competitive advantages, sustainability, outstanding management, delivering high levels of profitability and cash flow and priced below intrinsic value.

During 2023 the Resource sector has underperformed and despite a solid performance from the Industrial and Financial Sector, the South African equity market lagged relative to the MSCI World Index and the MSCI Emerging Market Index. The South African economy has been hampered by record levels of electricity loadshedding during 2023 which has impacted the local operations of all companies but there were improvements in the availability of electricity during the second half of 2023. The pressure on the economy from the underperformance of the state owned energy and transport infrastructure has forced government into undertaking significant structural reform towards liberalisation of the energy sector and progress in Transnet reducing the barriers to entry on the rail concessionary. The South African equity market remains attractive relative to Emerging Market peers and there is used due to the low level of foreign holding of SA Equity as well as the momentum that is picking up with the implementation of government reforms to facilitate investment in the energy and transport sectors.

SA bonds continue to provide some of the highest real value amongst Emerging Market peers and remains very attractive. On a real-term basis, the SA 10 year bond provides a real yield of more than 5.0%, well above its long-term average of 3.5%. Moreover, foreign investors are significantly underweight local bonds relative to history. With global inflation moderating and underlying economic growth softening, Federal Reserve monetary policy has already 'pivoted' towards a less restrictive stance as it factors in some modest rate cuts in 2024. Against the backdrop of a weaker USD, this may trigger renewed fixed income portfolio inflows into Emerging Markets as risk sentiment improves. Domestically, structural reform, fiscal consolidation and success in tackling corruption could all trigger further buying by foreigners. In line with global moves, there was a welcome move lower in local bond yields during Q4 2023. In addition, the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS) released in November 2023 was also positive for the local bond market. Although disappointing tax revenues and overshooting spending are worrisome trends, the Treasury still took the necessary tough policy steps to limit the pressure on public borrowing by cutting baseline expenditure by R213bn and thereby reinforcing its fiscal credibility. The cuts in expenditure were achieved by reducing the expenditure of non-performing departments, lowering the Provincial allocations as well as drawing down on reserves. As a result, the increase in the consolidated fiscal deficit for FY2024 was limited to -4.6% of GDP from the -3.8% forecast at the February 2023 Budget. We continue to monitor our duration exposure carefully in our portfolios and look to take advantage of any mispricing of bond prices relative to their fundamentals.

Sources: Oasis Research, Bloomberg statistics, IMF World Economic Outlook, SARB





R1m invested at inception would be worth R2.7m at present. **Note: CPI Benchmark lags by 1 month. The benchmark for this fund is CPI + 3%

(Source: Oasis Research; I-Net Bridge)

| Risk Analysis | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Risk Analysis | Sharpe Ratio | Sortino Ratio | | | | | | | |
| Oasis Crescent Balanced High Equity Fund of Funds | (0.19) | (0.26) | | | | | | | |

Calculated net of fees, gross of non permissible income since inception to 31 December 2023 (Source: Oasis Research; I-Net Bridge)

| Distribution | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|---------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Distribution | Mar-23 | Jun-23 | Sept-23 | Dec-23 | | | | | |
| Oasis Crescent Balanced High Equity Fund of Funds | 0.0000 | 1.6225 | 0.0000 | 2.3333 | | | | | |

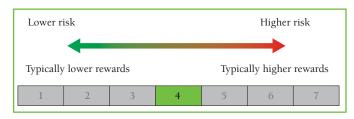
Distribution (cents per unit), of the Oasis Crescent Balanced High Equity Fund of Funds over the past 4 quarters. (Source: Oasis)

Asset Allocation Split

| Asset Class | Weight % |
|---------------|----------|
| Equity Global | 34 |
| Equity SA | 33 |
| Income | 20 |
| Property | 13 |
| Total | 100 |

Asset Allocation Split of the Oasis Crescent Balanced High Equity Fund of Funds 31 December 2023 (Source: Oasis Research)

Risk and Reward Profile



The risk and reward indicator:

• The above risk number is based on the rate at which the value of the Fund has moved up and down in the past • The above indicator is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the risk profile of the Fund • The risk and reward category shown is not guaranteed and may shift over time • The lowest category does not mean 'risk free'.

The Fund may also be exposed to risks which the risk number does not adequately capture. These may include:

• The value of stock market investments, and the income from them, will fluctuate. This will cause the Fund price to fall as well as rise and you may not get back the original amount you invested • Any investment in international companies means that currency exchange rate fluctuations will have an impact on the Fund • The Fund invests in a variety of geographic regions and countries. It is therefore exposed to the market sentiment of that specific geographic region or country. This level of diversification is appropriate to deliver on our objective to generate real returns at a lower volatility for our clients over the long term.

Fees and Charges*

| Fee Type | Financial Advisor | Administrator | **Investment Manager |
|-----------------|---|---------------|----------------------|
| Initial | A maximum of 2% can be charged by the advisor | No charge | No charge |
| Ongoing | Maximum 0.5% per annum of the investment account. | 0.20% | 1.25% |

* Excluding VAT. **This fee is calculated and accrued daily based on the daily market value of the investment portfolio and paid to the investment manager on amonthly basis. No performance fee is charged.

Total Expense Ratio

Class F of the portfolio has a Total Expense Ratio (TER) of 2.01% for the period from 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2023. 2.01% of the average Net Asset Value of the portfolio was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The ratio does not include transaction costs. Transaction cost was 0.02%.

| Total Expense Ratio | 2.01% | Service Fees | 1.24% | Performance Fees | - | Other Costs | 0.53% | VAT | 0.25% | |
|---------------------|-------|--------------|-------|------------------|---|-------------|-------|-----|-------|--|
|---------------------|-------|--------------|-------|------------------|---|-------------|-------|-----|-------|--|

Class F performance fees are payable in the case of outperformance of the underlying portfolio, relative to its benchmark. Performance is calculated for the portfolio, and individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. The sharing ratio of the performance fee is 20% of the outperformance, and the total fees are capped at 3%. This fee is calculated and accrued daily, based on the daily market value of the Investment Portfolio, and paid to the Investment Manager on a monthly basis.

Disclaimer

This document is the Minimum Disclosure Document in terms of BN92 of 2014 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 and also serves as a fund fact sheet. Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) are generally medium to long term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future.

Different classes of units apply to some of the Oasis Funds, which are subject to different fees and charges. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from the management company on request. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. CIS are traded at ruling prices and forward pricing is used. CIS can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. No guarantee is provided with respect to capital or return.

Portfolios are valued at 15h00 daily. All necessary documentation must be received before 10h00. CIS are calculated on a net asset value basis which is the total value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio which may include brokerage, commissions, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees. CIS prices are available daily on www.oasiscrescent.com. Class D: performance fees are payable in the case of outperformance of the underlying portfolio, relative to its benchmark. Performance is calculated for the portfolio, and individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. The sharing ratio of the performance fee is 20% of the outperformance, and the total fees are capped at 3%. This fee is calculated and accrued daily, based on the daily market value of the Investment Portfolio, and paid to the Investment Manager on a monthly basis. For a full disclosure on performance fees FAQs visit www.oasiscrescent.com.

The manager may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. Oasis is a member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. The above portfolio performance is calculated on a NAV to NAV basis and does not take initial fees into account. Income is reinvested on the ex dividend date. Actual investment performance will differ based on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date and the date of reinvestment of income. Figures quoted are from Micropal and I Net Bridge for the period ending 31 December 2023 for a lump sum investment using NAV-NAV prices with income distributions reinvested.

A fund of funds is a portfolio that invests in portfolios of CIS, which levy their own charges, which could result in a higher fee structure for these portfolios. All information and opinions provided are of a general nature and the document contains no express or implied recommendation, warranty, guidance, advice or proposal that the product is appropriate to the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any individual or entity.

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